

SAFETY DATA SHEET

OEB 9412PH

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : OEB 9412PH

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product use : Emulsion Breaker

Product type : Liquid.

Manufacturer : Jacam Manufacturing 2013, L.L.C.

P.O.Box 208, 1656 Ave. Q. Sterling, Kansas 67579

Validation date : 10/10/2018

For Chemical Emergency
Spill, Leak Fire, Exposure or

Accident:

: Call CHEMTREC Day or Night

Within USA and Canada 800-424-9300 Or +1 703-527-3887 (Collect calls accepted)

Direct all other calls to:

Jacam Chemicals 2013, L.L.C. 620-278-3355

Mon - Fri 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. (Closed on major holidays)

Supplier's details : Jacam Chemicals 2013, L.L.C.

P.O. Box 96, 205 S. Broadway

Sterling, Kansas 67579

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic

effects) - Category 3

: 2.03

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Section 2. Hazards identification

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Warning

: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. **Hazard statements**

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

General : P103 - Read label before use.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: chemical splash goggles. Wear

protective clothing: Recommended: overall safety apron.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-

handling equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

: P308 + P313 - P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention Obtain medical attention.

P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P302 + P352 + P362+P364 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Obtain medical attention.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for 15 minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Obtain medical attention.

P370 + P378 In Case of Fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam to extinguish.

P370 + P378 In Case of Fire: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam to extinguish.

: P405 - Store locked up. **Storage**

P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

P235 - Keep cool.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Date of issue/Date of revision

Response

10/10/2018

People + Products

→ Performance™

: 2.03

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

INGESTION: Although not a normal route of entry, ingestion is expected to be harmful. DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.

Target organs : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: upper

respiratory tract, skin, eyes.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Not available.

: Mixture

Other means of identification

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Heavy Aromatic Naphtha	80 - 100	64741-68-0
Proprietary	1 - 5	Proprietary
Proprietary	1 - 5	Proprietary
Proprietary	1 - 5	Proprietary
Proprietary	0 - 1	Proprietary
Proprietary	0 - 1	Proprietary

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists, obtain medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If irritation persists, obtain medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists, obtain medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. If irritation persists, obtain medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)			
Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Heavy Aromatic Naphtha Proprietary Proprietary	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Proprietary	Category 2	Not determined	hearing organs

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Section 4. First aid measures

Aspiration hazard

<u>Name</u> <u>Result</u>

Heavy Aromatic Naphtha

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Proprietary

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Additional Vapor Statement

: Not available.

Not available.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
Proprietary		ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Proprietary		ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 205 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 205 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 410 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Proprietary		ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)



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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. [Clear.]

Color : Amber. Odor : Aromatic. : Not available. **Odor threshold** pН : Not applicable. **Melting point** : Not available. **Boiling point** : Not available.

Flash point Closed cup: 36.111°C (97°F) [Pensky-Martens.]

Evaporation rate : Not available. Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Lower and upper explosive Not available.

(flammable) limits

: Not available. Vapor pressure Vapor density : >1 [Air = 1] : 0.85 to 0.91 Relative density

Density : 7.09 to 7.6 (lbs/gal)

Solubility Insoluble in the following materials: cold water. : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. : Not available. **Viscosity**

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not

allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicologic	al effects				
Acute toxicity					
Product/ingredient name	Result	Specie	es	Dose	Exposure
Heavy Aromatic Naphtha	LD50 Oral	Rat		4800 mg/kg	-
Proprietary	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	-	2500 mg/kg	-
Drawiston	LD50 Oral	Rat		1310 mg/kg	- 4 hours
Proprietary	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal	Rat Rabbit		55.51 mg/l 12800 mg/kg	4 110urs -
	LD50 Oral	Rat		5000 mg/kg	-
Proprietary	LD50 Oral	Rat		2080 mg/kg	-
Proprietary	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	-	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat		3500 mg/kg	-
Irritation/Corrosion					
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Heavy Aromatic Naphtha	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
Proprietary	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rat	-	24 hours	3 days
Dropriotory	Eyes - Cornea opacity Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	4	- 24 hours 1	- 00
Proprietary	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	microliters	00 -
Proprietary	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 1	00 -
, coperious,	_,			milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrar	ns -
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
	Chin Mild imitant	Dabbit		milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Proprietary	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 1	00 -
	_,,	. 13.5.11		microliters	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 milligrar	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	00 -
Drawiston	Fire Covers instant	Dabbit		milligrams	
Proprietary	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 1	5 -
				milligrams	-
<u>Sensitization</u>					
Product/ingredient name	Route of Specie	s		Result	
roddonigrodione namo	exposure			rtodit	
Not available.					
Mutagenicity					
	Toot	Evnoriment		Popult	
Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment		Result	
Not available.					
Carcinogenicity					
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species		Dose I	Exposure
Not available.	·····	Openies			
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Section 11. Toxic	ological	111101111	alion			
Classification						
Product/ingredient name			OSHA	IARC	NTP	
Proprietary			-	3	-	
Proprietary			-	2B	-	
Proprietary				2B	-	
Reproductive toxicity						
Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Do	ose Exposure
Not available.						
Teratogenicity						
Product/ingredient name	Result		Species	D	ose	Exposure
Not available.						
Specific target organ toxic	ity (single ex	posure)				
Name			Category		ite of osure	Target organs
Heavy Aromatic Naphtha			Category 3	Not a	pplicable.	Narcotic effects
Proprietary			Category 3		pplicable.	Narcotic effects
Proprietary			Category 3	Not a	pplicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Specific target organ toxic	ity (repeated	exposure)				
Name			Category		ite of osure	Target organs
Proprietary			Category 2	Not de	etermined	hearing organs
Aspiration hazard						
Name				Result		
Heavy Aromatic Naphtha Proprietary						O - Category 1 O - Category 1

Information on the likely ToxKinetics - routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Section 11 Toxicological information

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	4845.2 mg/kg
Dermal	95435.7 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

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Section 12. Ecological information Product/ingredient name Result **Species Exposure** Heavy Aromatic Naphtha Acute NOEC 0.01 mg/l Fish 96 hours Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water Proprietary Crustaceans - Crangon crangon 48 hours Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Fish - Gambusia affinis 96 hours Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water Fish - Pimephales promelas 96 hours Proprietary Chronic NOEC mg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia magna 21 days Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water Fish - Pimephales promelas -33 days **Embryo** Proprietary Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water Algae - Pseudokirchneriella 72 hours subcapitata Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water Algae - Pseudokirchneriella 96 hours subcapitata Acute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia magna -48 hours Neonate Acute LC50 5200 µg/l Marine water Crustaceans - Americamysis 48 hours bahia Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 hours Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water Algae - Pseudokirchneriella 96 hours subcapitata

Conclusion/Summary

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Product/ingredient name

Not available.

Product/ingredient name

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential			
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Heavy Aromatic Naphtha	-	10 to 2500	high
Proprietary	0.05	-	low
Proprietary	1.9	-	low
Proprietary	3.6	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

RCRA classification

Section 14. Transport information

Not applicable.

Regulatory information	UN/NA Number	Proper shipping name	Hazard Class(es)	PG*
DOT Classification	on		PG* : Pack	ing group
	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Heavy Aromatic Naphtha,	3	III

Alcohols) RQ (Aromatic Hydrocarbon)

Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG): 128

Reportable quantity

10491.7 lbs / 4763.2 kg [1429.9 gal / 5412.8 L]

Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

Label



TDG

Classification

UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Heavy Aromatic Naphtha,	3	III
	Alcohols). Marine pollutant (Heavy Aromatic Naphtha)		

Additional information

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Section 14. Transport information

Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.

Label



IMDG Class

UN1993 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Heavy Aromatic Naphtha, Alcohols). Marine pollutant (Heavy Aromatic Naphtha)

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Marine pollutant notes:

· Not available.

Additional information

The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Label





IATA-DGR Class

UN1993 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Heavy Aromatic Naphtha, 3 Ш Alcohols)

Additional information

The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Label



Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

TSCA 4(a) final test rules: Proprietary TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Proprietary; Proprietary

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Proprietary; Proprietary; Proprietary

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Proprietary; Proprietary; Proprietary; Proprietary; Proprietary

Proprietary

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Section 15. Regulatory information

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Listed

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed

Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals : Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals : Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

			SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Proprietary	0 - 1	Yes.	1000	66.3	1000	66.3

SARA 304 RQ : 3270711.4 lbs / 1484903 kg [445761.2 gal / 1687389.7 L]

SARA 311/312

Classification : Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Heavy Aromatic Naphtha	80 - 100	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Proprietary	1 - 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Proprietary	1 - 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Proprietary	1 - 5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Proprietary	0 - 1	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Proprietary	0 - 1	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Proprietary	Proprietary	1 - 5
	Proprietary	Proprietary	0 - 1
Supplier notification	Proprietary	Proprietary	1 - 5
	Proprietary	Proprietary	0 - 1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: Proprietary

New York : The following components are listed: Proprietary; Proprietary

New Jersey : The following components are listed: Proprietary; Proprietary; Proprietary; Proprietary; Proprietary; Proprietary; Proprietary; Proprietary; Proprietary;

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Section 15. Regulatory information

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

WARNING: This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level Maximum acceptable dosage level	
Proprietary	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.
Proprietary	Yes.	No.	41 μg/day (ingestion) 54 μg/day (inhalation)	No.
Proprietary	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
Proprietary	No.	Yes.	No.	23000 μg/day (ingestion) 47000 μg/day (inhalation)
Proprietary	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
Proprietary	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.
Proprietary	Yes.	Yes.	6.4 µg/day (ingestion) 13 µg/day (inhalation)	24 μg/day (ingestion) 49 μg/day (inhalation)

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI : The following components are listed: Isopropyl alcohol; Nonylphenol and its

(Pollution Release) ethoxylates

CEPA Toxic substances The following components are listed: Nonylphenol and its ethoxylates

Canada inventory-DSL / NDSL

International lists
National inventory

Not determined.

Australia : Not determined.
Canada : Not determined.
China : Not determined.
Europe : Not determined.

Japan : Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Malaysia: Not determined.New Zealand: Not determined.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Philippines : Not determined.
Republic of Korea : Not determined.
Taiwan : Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Normal Package Size(s): Ball: 2" Ball 50/Cooler; 4" Ball 12/Cooler

Dry Product: 50 Lbs/Box Liquid: 5 Gallon/55 Gallon/Bulk Pellets: 30 Lbs/Cooler; 24 Lbs/Pail Stix: 1 1/4": 50 Each/Cooler

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SDS Requests: : SDS@jacam.com

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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Section 16. Other information

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*** END OF SDS ***

10/10/2018